

# Allspring Active ETFs

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Fund	Ticker	Listing Exchange
Allspring Ultra Short Municipal ETF	AUSM	NYSE Arca

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# Ultra Short Municipal ETF Summary

## Investment Objective

The Fund seeks current income exempt from federal income tax, consistent with capital preservation.

## Fees and Expenses

This table is intended to help you understand the various costs and expenses you will pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. The table does not take into account brokerage commissions that you may pay on purchases and sales of shares of the Fund.

### Annual Fund Operating Expenses<sup>1</sup> (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.18%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.00%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	<b>0.18%</b>

1. The investment management agreement between the Fund and Allspring Funds Management, LLC utilizes a unitary fee arrangement pursuant to which Allspring Funds Management, LLC has agreed to pay all expenses incurred by, and appropriately allocated to, the Fund, excluding only: the management fee payable to Allspring Funds Management, LLC; brokerage expenses and other expenses incurred in connection with the execution of portfolio transactions; interest charges on any borrowings, dividends and other expenses on securities sold short; taxes; payments under the Fund's Rule 12b-1 plan (if any); proxy and shareholder meeting expenses; litigation expenses; extraordinary expenses; and acquired fund fees and expenses.
2. Expenses are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

## Example of Expenses

The example below is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other funds. The example assumes a \$10,000 initial investment, 5% annual total return, and that fees and expenses remain the same as in the tables above. The table does not take into account brokerage commissions that you may pay on purchases and sales of shares of the Fund. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

<b>After:</b>	
1 Year	\$18
3 Years	\$58

## Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. Since the Fund commenced operations on or around the date of this Prospectus, no history of the portfolio turnover rate is available.

## Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

- at least 80% of the Fund's net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in municipal securities whose interest is exempt from federal income tax, but not necessarily federal alternative minimum tax (AMT);
- up to 20% of the Fund's total assets in securities whose interest is subject to federal AMT; and
- up to 10% of the Fund's total assets in below investment-grade municipal securities.

We invest principally in short-term municipal securities of states, territories and possessions of the United States whose interest is exempt from federal income tax, but not necessarily federal AMT. Some of the securities may be below investment grade or may be unrated and deemed by us to be of comparable quality. We may also invest a portion of the Fund's assets in securities whose interest is subject to federal AMT. We may use futures for duration and yield curve management. While we may purchase securities of any maturity, under normal circumstances, we expect the Fund's dollar-weighted average effective maturity to be 1 year or less.

We use a combination of top-down and bottom-up research to cover the four main elements of total return: duration management, yield curve positioning, sector and credit quality allocation, and security selection. Our top-down analysis involves an evaluation of macroeconomic factors that may include, among others, the pace of economic growth, employment conditions, inflation, and monetary and fiscal policy. Our bottom-up analysis, which involves intensive research into the credit fundamentals of individual issuers and the relative value of individual issues, is used to uncover solid investment opportunities. Securities are selected based on several factors, including, among others, improving financial trends, positive industry and sector dynamics, improving economic conditions, and specific demographic trends. Securities may be sold based on relative value considerations and could be replaced with a security that presents a better value or risk/reward profile. A security may also be sold due to changes in credit characteristics or outlook, as well as changes in portfolio strategy or cash flow needs.

## Principal Investment Risks

An investment in the Fund may lose money, is not a deposit of a bank or its affiliates, is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, and is primarily subject to the risks briefly summarized below.

**Market Risk.** The values of, and/or the income generated by, securities held by the Fund may decline due to general market conditions or other factors, including those directly involving the issuers of such securities. Securities markets are volatile and may decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, regulatory, political, or economic developments. Different sectors of the market and different security types may react differently to such developments.

**Debt Securities Risk.** Debt securities are subject to credit risk and interest rate risk. Credit risk is the possibility that the issuer or guarantor of a debt security may be unable, or perceived to be unable or unwilling, to pay interest or repay principal when they become due. In these instances, the value of an investment could decline and the Fund could lose money. Credit risk increases as an issuer's credit quality or financial strength declines. Interest rate risk is the possibility that interest rates will change over time. When interest rates rise, the value of debt securities tends to fall. The longer the terms of the debt securities held by a Fund, the more the Fund is subject to this risk. If interest rates decline, interest that the Fund is able to earn on its investments in debt securities may also decline, which could cause the Fund to reduce the dividends it pays to shareholders, but the value of those securities may increase. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk.

**Municipal Securities Risk.** Municipal securities may be fully or partially backed or enhanced by the taxing authority of a local government, by the current or anticipated revenues from a specific project or specific assets, or by the credit of, or liquidity enhancement provided by, a private issuer. Various types of municipal securities are often related in such a way that political, economic or business developments affecting one obligation could affect other municipal securities held by a Fund.

**Authorized Participant Concentration Risk.** Only an Authorized Participant (as described in the "Creation Unit Transactions" section of the Prospectus) may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Fund, and Authorized Participants are not obligated to engage in creation and/or redemption transactions. The Fund has a limited number of institutions that may act as Authorized Participants on an agency basis (i.e., on behalf of other market participants). To the extent that Authorized Participants exit the business or are unable or unwilling to proceed with creation or redemption orders with respect to the Fund and no other Authorized Participant is willing or able to step forward to create or redeem, Fund shares may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts or delisting. Authorized Participant concentration risk may be heightened for

exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”), that invest in securities issued by non-U.S. issuers or other securities or instruments that have lower trading volumes.

**Derivatives Risk.** The use of derivatives, such as futures, options and swap agreements, can lead to losses, including those magnified by leverage, particularly when derivatives are used to enhance return rather than mitigate risk. Certain derivative instruments may be difficult to sell when the portfolio manager believes it would be appropriate to do so, or the other party to a derivative contract may be unwilling or unable to fulfill its contractual obligations.

**Futures Contracts Risk.** A Fund that uses futures contracts, which are a type of derivative, is subject to the risk of loss caused by unanticipated market movements. In addition, there may at times be an imperfect correlation between the movement in the prices of futures contracts and the value of their underlying instruments or indexes, and there may at times not be a liquid secondary market for certain futures contracts.

**High Yield Securities Risk.** High yield securities and unrated securities of similar credit quality (commonly known as “junk bonds”) are considered speculative and have a much greater risk of default or of not returning principal and their values tend to be more volatile than higher-rated securities with similar maturities.

**Market Trading Risk.** The Fund faces numerous market trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for Fund shares or the Fund’s underlying portfolio securities, losses from trading in secondary markets, periods of high volatility and disruptions in the creation/redemption process. These factors, among others, may lead to the Fund’s shares trading at a premium or discount to the Fund’s net asset value (“NAV”). Accordingly, if a shareholder purchases Fund shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the NAV, or sells shares at a time when the market price is at a discount to the NAV, the shareholder may sustain losses.

**Management Risk.** Investment decisions, techniques, analyses or models implemented by a Fund’s manager or sub-adviser in seeking to achieve the Fund’s investment objective may not produce expected returns, may cause the Fund’s shares to lose value or may cause the Fund to underperform other funds with similar investment objectives.

**New Fund Risk.** The Fund is a new fund, with a limited or no operating history and a small asset base. There can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to or maintain a viable size. At lower asset levels, certain of the Fund’s expenses and its portfolio transaction costs may be higher than those of a fund with a larger asset base. To the extent that the Fund does not grow to or maintain a viable size, it may be liquidated, and the expenses, timing and tax consequences of such liquidation may not be favorable to some shareholders.

**Operational Risk.** The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund’s service providers, Authorized Participants, market makers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and computer, technology or systems failures.

**Valuation Risk.** The price the Fund could receive upon the sale of a security or other asset may differ from the Fund’s valuation of the security or other asset, particularly for securities or other assets that trade in low volume or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology as a result of trade suspensions or for other reasons. In addition, to the extent that these securities or other assets held by the Fund trade on foreign exchanges or in foreign markets that may be closed when the securities exchange on which the Fund’s shares trade is open, there are likely to be deviations between the current price of such security or other asset and the last quoted price for the security or other asset (i.e., the Fund’s quote from the closed foreign market).

## Performance

Because the Fund does not have annual returns for at least one calendar year, there is no performance to report.

## Fund Management

Manager	Sub-Adviser	Portfolio Managers, Title/Managed Since
Allspring Funds Management, LLC	Allspring Global Investments, LLC	<b>Bruce R. Johns</b> , Portfolio Manager / 2025 <b>James Randazzo</b> , Portfolio Manager / 2025 <b>Nicholos Venditti, CFA</b> , Portfolio Manager / 2025

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

The Fund is an ETF. Individual shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold in secondary market transactions through brokers or financial intermediaries at market price. When you buy or sell shares of the Fund, you may be required to pay a brokerage commission, and you may experience tax consequences including gains or losses, in connection with the transactions. Shares of the Fund are anticipated to be approved for listing and trading on the NYSE Arca, Inc., subject to notice of issuance. Shares trade at market prices rather than NAV; therefore, shares of the Fund may trade at a price greater than or less than NAV (i.e., at a premium or at a discount).

An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares of the Fund (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares (ask) when buying or selling shares in the secondary market (the “bid-ask spread”).

Recent information, including information about the Fund’s NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spreads, is included on the Fund’s website at [www.allspringglobal.com](http://www.allspringglobal.com).

### Tax Information

The Fund’s distributions normally consist of exempt-interest dividends, which are generally not taxable to you for federal income tax purposes, but may be subject to federal AMT. A portion of the Fund’s distributions may not qualify as exempt-interest dividends; such distributions will generally be taxable to you as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. However, subsequent withdrawals from such a tax advantaged investment plan may be subject to federal income tax. You should consult your tax adviser about your specific situation.

### Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of a Fund through an intermediary, the Manager and its affiliates may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services, including for marketing activities and presentations, educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the intermediary and your financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment. Consult your financial professional or visit your intermediary’s website for more information.

# Details About the Fund

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## Ultra Short Municipal ETF

### Investment Objective

The Fund seeks current income exempt from federal income tax, consistent with capital preservation.

The Fund's Board of Trustees can change this investment objective without a shareholder vote.

### Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

- at least 80% of the Fund's net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in municipal securities whose interest is exempt from federal income tax, but not necessarily federal alternative minimum tax (AMT);
- up to 20% of the Fund's total assets in securities whose interest is subject to federal AMT; and
- up to 10% of the Fund's total assets in below investment-grade municipal securities.

We invest principally in short-term municipal securities of states, territories and possessions of the United States whose interest is exempt from federal income tax, but not necessarily federal AMT. Some of the securities may be below investment grade or may be unrated and deemed by us to be of comparable quality. We may also invest a portion of the Fund's assets in securities whose interest is subject to federal AMT. We may use futures for duration and yield curve management. While we may purchase securities of any maturity, under normal circumstances, we expect the Fund's dollar-weighted average effective maturity to be 1 year or less.

We use a combination of top-down and bottom-up research to cover the four main elements of total return: duration management, yield curve positioning, sector and credit quality allocation, and security selection. Our top-down analysis involves an evaluation of macroeconomic factors that may include, among others, the pace of economic growth, employment conditions, inflation, and monetary and fiscal policy. Our bottom-up analysis, which involves intensive research into the credit fundamentals of individual issuers and the relative value of individual issues, is used to uncover solid investment opportunities. Securities are selected based on several factors, including, among others, improving financial trends, positive industry and sector dynamics, improving economic conditions, and specific demographic trends. Securities may be sold based on relative value considerations and could be replaced with a security that presents a better value or risk/reward profile. A security may also be sold due to changes in credit characteristics or outlook, as well as changes in portfolio strategy or cash flow needs.

We may actively trade portfolio securities, which may lead to higher transaction costs that may affect the Fund's performance. In addition, active trading of portfolio securities may lead to higher taxes if your shares are held in a taxable account.

The Fund may hold some of its assets in cash or in money market instruments, including U.S. Government obligations, shares of other funds and repurchase agreements, or make other short-term investments for purposes of maintaining liquidity or for short-term defensive purposes when we believe it is in the best interests of the shareholders to do so. During such periods, the Fund may not achieve its objective.

### Principal Investment Risks

The Fund is primarily subject to the risks mentioned below.

- |   |                              |
|---|------------------------------|
| ▪ Market Risk                               | ▪ High Yield Securities Risk |
| ▪ Debt Securities Risk                      | ▪ Market Trading Risk        |
| ▪ Municipal Securities Risk                 | ▪ Management Risk            |
| ▪ Authorized Participant Concentration Risk | ▪ New Fund Risk              |
| ▪ Derivatives Risk                          | ▪ Operational Risk           |
| ▪ Futures Contracts Risk                    | ▪ Valuation Risk             |

These and other risks could cause you to lose money in your investment in the Fund and could adversely affect the Fund's net asset value and total return. These risks are described in the "Description of Principal Investment Risks" section.

# Description of Principal Investment Risks

Understanding the risks involved in fund investing will help you make an informed decision that takes into account your risk tolerance and preferences. The risks that are most likely to have a material effect on a particular Fund as a whole are called “principal risks.” The principal risks for the Fund have been previously identified and are described below (in alphabetical order). Additional information about the principal risks is included in the Statement of Additional Information.

**Authorized Participant Concentration Risk.** Only an Authorized Participant may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with a Fund, and none of those Authorized Participants is obligated to engage in creation and/or redemption transactions. A Fund has a limited number of institutions that may act as Authorized Participants on an agency basis (i.e., on behalf of other market participants). To the extent that Authorized Participants exit the business or are unable to proceed with creation or redemption orders with respect to the Fund and no other Authorized Participant is able to step forward to create or redeem Creation Units (as described in the “Creation Unit Transactions” section of the Prospectus), Fund shares may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts or delisting. Authorized Participant concentration risk may be heightened because ETFs that invest in securities issued by non-U.S. issuers or other securities or instruments that are less widely traded often involve greater settlement and operational issues and capital costs for Authorized Participants, which may limit the availability of Authorized Participants.

**Debt Securities Risk.** Debt securities are subject to credit risk and interest rate risk. Credit risk is the possibility that the issuer or guarantor of a debt security may be unable, or perceived to be unable or unwilling, to pay interest or repay principal when they become due. In these instances, the value of an investment could decline and the Fund could lose money. Credit risk increases as an issuer’s credit quality or financial strength declines. The credit quality of a debt security may deteriorate rapidly and cause significant deterioration in the Fund’s net asset value. Interest rate risk is the possibility that interest rates will change over time. When interest rates rise, the value of debt securities tends to fall. The longer the terms of the debt securities held by a Fund, the more the Fund is subject to this risk. If interest rates decline, interest that the Fund is able to earn on its investments in debt securities may also decline, which could cause the Fund to reduce the dividends it pays to shareholders, but the value of those securities may increase. Some debt securities give the issuers the option to call, redeem or prepay the securities before their maturity dates. If an issuer calls, redeems or prepays a debt security during a time of declining interest rates, the Fund might have to reinvest the proceeds in a security offering a lower yield, and therefore might not benefit from any increase in value as a result of declining interest rates. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from Fund performance to the extent the Fund is exposed to such interest rates. Interest rate changes and their impact on the Fund and its share price can be sudden and unpredictable. Changes in market conditions and government policies may lead to periods of heightened volatility in the debt securities market, reduced liquidity Fund investments and an increase in Fund redemptions.

**Derivatives Risk.** The use of derivatives, such as futures, options and swap agreements, presents risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in traditional securities. The use of derivatives can lead to losses because of adverse movements in the price or value of the derivatives’ underlying assets, indexes or rates and the derivatives themselves, which may be magnified by certain features of the derivatives. These risks are heightened when derivatives are used to enhance a Fund’s return or as a substitute for a position or security, rather than solely to hedge (or mitigate) the risk of a position or security held by the Fund. The success of a derivative strategy will be affected by the portfolio manager’s ability to assess and predict market or economic developments and their impact on the derivatives’ underlying assets, indexes or reference rates, as well as the derivatives themselves. Certain derivative instruments may become illiquid and, as a result, may be difficult to sell when the portfolio manager believes it would be appropriate to do so. Certain derivatives create leverage, which can magnify the impact of a decline in the value of their underlying assets, indexes or reference rates, and increase the volatility of the Fund’s net asset value. Certain derivatives (e.g., over-the-counter swaps) are also subject to the risk that the counterparty to the derivative contract will be unwilling or unable to fulfill its contractual obligations, which may cause a Fund to lose money, suffer delays or incur costs arising from holding or selling an underlying asset. Changes in laws or regulations may make the use of derivatives more costly, may limit the availability of derivatives, or may otherwise adversely affect the use, value or performance of derivatives.

**Futures Contracts Risk.** A Fund that uses futures contracts, which are a type of derivative, is subject to the risk of loss caused by unanticipated market movements. In addition, there may at times be an imperfect correlation between the movement in the prices of futures contracts and the value of their underlying instruments or indexes, and there may at times not be a liquid secondary market for certain futures contracts.



**High Yield Securities Risk.** High yield securities and unrated securities of similar credit quality (commonly known as “junk bonds”) are considered speculative and have a much greater risk of default (or in the case of bonds currently in default, of not returning principal) and their values tend to be more volatile than higher-rated securities with similar maturities. Additionally, these securities tend to be less liquid and more difficult to value than higher-rated securities.

**Management Risk.** Investment decisions, techniques, analyses or models implemented by a Fund’s manager or sub-adviser in seeking to achieve the Fund’s investment objective may not produce the returns expected, may cause the Fund’s shares to lose value or may cause the Fund to underperform other funds with similar investment objectives.

**Market Risk.** The values of, and/or the income generated by, securities held by a Fund may decline due to general market conditions or other factors, including those directly involving the issuers of such securities. Securities markets are volatile and may decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, regulatory, political, or economic developments. Different sectors of the market and different security types may react differently to such developments. Political, geopolitical, natural and other events, including war, terrorism, trade disputes, government shutdowns, market closures, inflation, natural and environmental disasters, epidemics, pandemics and other public health crises and related events have led, and in the future may lead, to economic uncertainty, decreased economic activity, increased market volatility and other disruptive effects on U.S. and global economies and markets. Such events may have significant adverse direct or indirect effects on a Fund and its investments. In addition, economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

**Market Trading Risk.** The Fund faces numerous market trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for Fund shares or the Fund’s underlying portfolio securities, losses from trading in secondary markets, periods of high volatility and disruptions in the creation/redemption process. These factors, among others, may lead to the Fund’s shares trading at a premium or discount to the Fund’s net asset value (“NAV”). Accordingly, if a shareholder purchases Fund shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the NAV, or sells shares at a time when the market price is at a discount to the NAV, the shareholder may sustain losses.

*Absence of Active Market.* Although shares of a Fund are listed for trading on one or more stock exchanges, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such shares or the Fund’s underlying portfolio securities will develop or be maintained by market makers or Authorized Participants.

*Risk of Secondary Listings.* A Fund’s shares may be listed or traded on U.S. and non-U.S. stock exchanges other than the U.S. stock exchange where the Fund’s primary listing is maintained, and may otherwise be made available to non-U.S. investors through funds or structured investment vehicles similar to depositary receipts. There can be no assurance that a Fund’s shares will continue to trade on any such stock exchange or in any market or that the Fund’s shares will continue to meet the requirements for listing or trading on any exchange or in any market. A Fund’s shares may be less actively traded in certain markets than in others, and investors are subject to the execution and settlement risks and market standards of the market where they or their broker direct their trades for execution. Certain information available to investors who trade Fund shares on a U.S. stock exchange during regular U.S. market hours may not be available to investors who trade in other markets, which may result in secondary market prices in such markets being less efficient.

*Secondary Market Trading Risk.* Shares of a Fund may trade in the secondary market at times when the Fund does not accept orders to purchase or redeem shares. At such times, shares may trade in the secondary market with more significant premiums or discounts than might be experienced at times when the Fund accepts purchase and redemption orders. Secondary market trading in Fund shares may be halted by a stock exchange because of market conditions or for other reasons. In addition, trading in Fund shares on a stock exchange or in any market may be subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to “circuit breaker” rules on the stock exchange or market.

Shares of a Fund, similar to shares of other issuers listed on a stock exchange, may be sold short and are therefore subject to the risk of increased volatility and price decreases associated with being sold short. In addition, Fund shares may be loaned, borrowed, pledged or purchased on margin, and certain ETFs have options associated with them. The use of Fund shares in these ways may result in increased volatility and larger premiums and discounts on Fund shares.

*Shares of the Fund May Trade at Prices Other Than NAV.* Shares of a Fund trade on stock exchanges at prices at, above or below the Fund’s most recent NAV. The NAV of each Fund is calculated at the end of each business day and fluctuates with changes in the market value of the Fund’s holdings. The trading price of each Fund’s shares fluctuates continuously throughout trading hours based on both market supply of and demand for Fund shares and the underlying value of the Fund’s portfolio holdings or NAV. As a result, the trading prices of a Fund’s shares may deviate significantly from NAV during periods of market volatility, including during periods of significant redemption requests

or other unusual market conditions. ANY OF THESE FACTORS, AMONG OTHERS, MAY LEAD TO A FUND'S SHARES TRADING AT A PREMIUM OR DISCOUNT TO NAV. However, because shares can be created and redeemed in Creation Units at NAV, the Manager believes that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of the Fund are not likely to be sustained over the long term (unlike shares of many closed-end funds, which frequently trade at appreciable discounts from, and sometimes at premiums to, their NAVs). While the creation/redemption feature is designed to make it more likely that a Fund's shares normally will trade on stock exchanges at prices close to the Fund's next calculated NAV, exchange prices are not expected to correlate exactly with the Fund's NAV due to timing reasons, supply and demand imbalances and other factors. In addition, disruptions to creations and redemptions, including disruptions at market makers, Authorized Participants, or other market participants, and during periods of significant market volatility, may result in trading prices for shares of a Fund that differ significantly from its NAV. Authorized Participants may be less willing to create or redeem Fund shares if there is a lack of an active market for such shares or its underlying investments, which may contribute to a Fund's shares trading at a premium or discount to NAV.

**Costs of Buying or Selling Fund Shares.** Buying or selling Fund shares on an exchange involves two types of costs that apply to all securities transactions. When buying or selling shares of a Fund through a broker, you will likely incur a brokerage commission and other charges. In addition, you may incur the cost of the "bid-ask spread"; that is, the difference between what investors are willing to pay for Fund shares (the "bid" price) and the price at which they are willing to sell Fund shares (the "ask" price). The bid-ask spread, which varies over time for shares of each Fund based on trading volume and market liquidity, is generally narrower if the Fund has more trading volume and market liquidity and wider if the Fund has less trading volume and market liquidity. In addition, increased market volatility may cause wider bid-ask spreads. There may also be regulatory and other charges that are incurred as a result of trading activity. Because of the costs inherent in buying or selling Fund shares, frequent trading may detract significantly from investment results and an investment in Fund shares may not be advisable for investors who anticipate regularly making small investments through a brokerage account.

**Municipal Securities Risk.** Municipal securities may be fully or partially backed or enhanced by the taxing authority of a local government, by the current or anticipated revenues from a specific project or specific assets, or by the credit of, or liquidity enhancement provided by, a private issuer. Municipal securities may be difficult to obtain because of limited supply, which may increase the cost to a Fund of purchasing such securities and effectively reduce the Fund's yield. Typically, less information is available about a municipal issuer than is available about other types of issuers. Various types of municipal securities are often related in such a way that political, economic or business developments affecting one obligation could affect other municipal securities held by the Fund. The value and liquidity of municipal securities backed by the revenue from a particular project or other source may decline if the project or other source fails to generate expected revenue. Although the Fund may strive to invest in municipal securities and other securities that pay interest that is exempt from certain taxes (such as federal taxes, federal alternative minimum tax and/or state taxes as applicable), some income earned by Fund investments may be subject to such taxes. Certain issuers of municipal securities may have the ability to call or redeem a security prior to its maturity date, which could impair Fund performance.

**New Fund Risk.** The Fund is a new fund, with a limited or no operating history and a small asset base. There can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to or maintain a viable size. Due to the Fund's small asset base, certain of the Fund's expenses and its portfolio transaction costs may be higher than those of a fund with a larger asset base. To the extent that the Fund does not grow to or maintain a viable size, it may be liquidated, and the expenses, timing and tax consequences of such liquidation may not be favorable to some shareholders.

**Operational Risk.** The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, Authorized Participants, market makers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and computer, technology or systems failures.

**Valuation Risk.** The price the Fund could receive upon the sale of a security or other asset may differ from the Fund's valuation of the security or other asset, particularly for securities or other assets that trade in low volume or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology as a result of trade suspensions or for other reasons. In addition, to the extent that these securities or other assets held by the Fund trade on foreign exchanges or in foreign markets that may be closed when the securities exchange on which the Fund's shares trade is open, there are likely to be deviations between the current price of such security or other asset and the last quoted price for the security or other asset (i.e., the Fund's quote from the closed foreign market). The impact of a closed foreign market on the Fund is likely to be greater where a large portion of the Fund's securities or other assets trade on that closed foreign market or when the foreign market is closed for unscheduled reasons. Investors who purchase or redeem Fund shares on days when the Fund is holding securities or other assets that are fair valued because the local market is closed may receive

fewer or more shares, or lower or higher redemption proceeds, than they would have received had the Fund not fair-valued the securities or other assets or used a different valuation methodology.

## Additional Performance Information

The following table lists the Fund's Regulatory and Strategy Benchmarks which are shown in the Average Annual Total Returns Table in the section entitled "Performance" in the Fund Summary. A Fund's Regulatory Benchmark is a broad-based index that represents the overall securities markets relative to the Fund's asset category while the Fund's Strategy Benchmark is most closely aligned with the Fund's investment universe based on its investment strategy. In some instances, a Fund's Regulatory and Strategy Benchmarks may be the same and, in some instances, a Fund may have more than one Regulatory Benchmark. In addition, the Average Annual Total Returns Table for a Fund may also show performance for certain secondary strategy benchmarks which are not included in the table below.

Fund	Regulatory Benchmark	Strategy Benchmark
Ultra Short Municipal ETF	Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index	Ultra Short-Term Municipal Income Blended Index <sup>1</sup>

1. Source: Allspring Funds Management, LLC. The Ultra Short-Term Municipal Income Blended Index is composed 50% of the Bloomberg 1 Year Municipal Bond Index and 50% of the iMoneyNet Tax-Free National Institutional Money Market Funds Average. You cannot invest directly in an index.

## Portfolio Holdings Information

A description of the Allspring Funds' policies and procedures with respect to disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information.

## Pricing Fund Shares

The trading prices of a Fund's shares in the secondary market generally differ from the Fund's daily net asset value ("NAV") per share and may be affected by market forces such as the supply of and demand for Fund shares and underlying securities held by the Fund, interest rate changes, economic conditions and other factors.

A Fund's NAV is the value of a single share. The NAV is calculated as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (generally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each day that the NYSE is open, although a Fund may deviate from this calculation time under unusual or unexpected circumstances. The most recent NAV for a Fund is available at [allspringglobal.com](http://allspringglobal.com). To calculate the NAV of a Fund's shares, the Fund's assets are valued and totaled, liabilities are subtracted, and the balance, called net assets, is divided by the number of shares outstanding. The price at which a purchase or redemption request is processed is based on the next NAV calculated after the request is received in good order. Generally, NAV is not calculated, and purchase and redemption requests are not processed, on days that the NYSE is closed for trading; however, under unusual or unexpected circumstances, a Fund may elect to remain open even on days that the NYSE is closed or closes early. To the extent that a Fund's assets are traded in various markets on days when the Fund is closed, the value of the Fund's assets may be affected on days when you are unable to buy or sell Fund shares. Conversely, trading in some of a Fund's assets may not occur on days when the Fund is open.

With respect to a Fund's assets invested directly in securities, the Fund's investments are generally valued at current market prices. Equity securities, options and futures are generally valued at the official closing price or, if none, the last reported sales price on the primary exchange or market on which they are listed (closing price). Equity securities that are not traded primarily on an exchange are generally valued at the quoted bid price obtained from a broker-dealer.

Debt securities are valued at the evaluated bid price provided by an independent pricing service or, if a reliable price is not available, the quoted bid price from an independent broker-dealer. Generally, trading in non-U.S. securities is substantially completed each day at various times prior to the close of regular trading on the NYSE. The values of such securities used in computing the NAV of the Fund are determined as of such times.

With respect to any portion of a Fund's assets that may be invested in other investment companies, the value of the Fund's shares is based on the NAV of the shares of the other investment companies in which the Fund invests. The valuation methods used by investment companies in pricing their shares, including the circumstances under which they will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing, are included in the prospectuses of such funds. To the extent a Fund invests a portion of its assets in non-registered investment vehicles, the Fund's interests in the non-registered vehicles are fair valued at NAV.

We are required to depart from these general valuation methods and use fair value pricing methods to determine the values of certain investments if we believe that the closing price or the quoted bid price of a security, including a security that trades primarily on a foreign exchange, does not accurately reflect its current market value as of the time a Fund calculates its NAV. The closing price or the quoted bid price of a security may not reflect its current market value if, among other things, a significant event occurs after the closing price or quoted bid price are made available, but before the time as of which a Fund calculates its NAV, that materially affects the value of the security. We may use various criteria, including a systemic evaluation of U.S. market moves after the close of foreign markets, in deciding whether a foreign security's market price is still reliable and, if not, what fair market value to assign to the security. In addition, we use fair value pricing to determine the value of investments in securities and other assets, including illiquid securities, for which current market quotations or evaluated prices from a pricing service or broker-dealer are not readily available.

The fair value of a Fund's securities and other assets is determined in good faith pursuant to policies and procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Trustees. Pursuant to such policies and procedures, the Board has appointed the Manager as the Fund's valuation designee (the "Valuation Designee") to perform all fair valuations of the Fund's portfolio investments, subject to the Board's oversight. As the Valuation Designee, the Manager has established procedures for its fair valuation of the Fund's portfolio investments. These procedures address, among other things, determining when market quotations are not readily available or reliable and the methodologies to be used for determining the fair value of investments, as well as the use and oversight of third-party pricing services for fair valuation. In light of the judgment involved in making fair value decisions, there can be no assurance that a fair value assigned to a particular security is accurate or that it reflects the price that the Fund could obtain for such security if it were to sell the security at the time as of which fair value pricing is determined. Such fair value pricing may result in NAVs that are higher or lower than NAVs based on the closing price or quoted bid price. See the Statement of Additional Information for additional details regarding the determination of NAVs.

# Management of the Fund

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## The Manager

Allspring Funds Management, LLC (“Allspring Funds Management”), headquartered at 1415 Vantage Park Drive, 3rd Floor, Charlotte, NC 28203, provides advisory and Fund administrative services to the Fund pursuant to an investment management agreement (the “Management Agreement”). Allspring Funds Management is a wholly owned subsidiary of Allspring Global Investments Holdings, LLC, a holding company indirectly owned by certain private funds of GTCR LLC and Reverence Capital Partners, L.P. Allspring Funds Management is a registered investment adviser that provides advisory services for registered mutual funds, closed-end funds and other funds and accounts.

Allspring Funds Management is responsible for implementing the investment objectives and strategies of the Fund. Allspring Funds Management’s investment professionals review and analyze the Fund’s performance, including relative to peer funds, and monitor the Fund’s compliance with its investment objectives and strategies. Allspring Funds Management is responsible for reporting to the Board on investment performance and other matters affecting the Fund. When appropriate, Allspring Funds Management recommends to the Board enhancements to Fund features, including changes to Fund investment objectives, strategies and policies. Allspring Funds Management also communicates with shareholders and intermediaries about Fund performance and features.

Allspring Funds Management is also responsible for providing Fund-level administrative services to the Fund, which include, among others, providing such services in connection with the Fund’s operations; developing and implementing procedures for monitoring compliance with regulatory requirements and compliance with the Fund’s investment objectives, policies and restrictions; and providing any other Fund-level administrative services reasonably necessary for the operation of the Fund, other than those services that are provided by the Fund’s transfer and dividend disbursing agent, custodian and fund accountant.

To assist Allspring Funds Management in implementing the investment objectives and strategies of the Fund, Allspring Funds Management may contract with one or more sub-advisers to provide day-to-day portfolio management services to the Fund. Allspring Funds Management employs a team of investment professionals who identify and recommend the initial hiring of any sub-adviser and oversee and monitor the activities of any sub-adviser on an ongoing basis. Allspring Funds Management retains overall responsibility for the investment activities of the Fund.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board’s approval of the Management Agreement and any applicable sub-advisory agreements for the Fund will be available in the Fund’s Form N-CSR filing immediately following the initial renewal of such agreements.

Pursuant to the Management Agreement, each Fund has agreed to pay an annual unitary management fee to Allspring Funds Management in an amount equal to a specified percentage of the Fund’s average daily net assets. This unitary management fee is designed to pay each Fund’s expenses and to compensate Allspring Funds Management for the services it provides to each Fund. Out of the unitary management fee, Allspring Funds Management pays substantially all expenses of each Fund, including the cost of transfer agency, custody, fund administration, legal, audit and other service and license fees. However, Allspring Funds Management is not responsible for the following expenses incurred by, and appropriately allocated to, the Funds: (a) the management fee payable to Allspring Funds Management under the Management Agreement; (b) brokerage expenses and other fees, charges, taxes, levies or expenses incurred in connection with the execution of portfolio transactions; (c) interest charges on any borrowings, dividends and other expenses on securities sold short; (d) taxes; (e) expenses incurred in connection with any distribution plan adopted by the Fund in compliance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, (the “1940 Act”), including distribution fees; (f) proxy and shareholder meeting expenses, including proxy solicitation expenses (unless the need for a shareholder meeting is caused by Allspring Funds Management, such as a change of control of Allspring Funds Management); (g) legal fees and expenses in connection with any arbitration, litigation, or pending or threatened arbitration or litigation, including any settlements in connection therewith; (h) extraordinary expenses (as determined by the Board); and (i) acquired fund fees and expenses.

Because the Fund has not commenced operations prior to the date of this Prospectus, the Fund has not yet paid its management fee to Allspring Funds Management. As compensation for its services under the Management Agreement, Allspring Funds Management is entitled to receive a monthly fee at the annual rates indicated below based on the Fund’s average daily net assets:

Fund	Management Fee
Allspring Ultra Short Municipal ETF	0.18%

## The Sub-Adviser and Portfolio Managers

The following sub-adviser and portfolio managers provide day-to-day portfolio management services to the Fund. These services include making purchases and sales of securities and other investment assets for the Fund, selecting broker-dealers, negotiating brokerage commission rates and maintaining portfolio transaction records. The sub-adviser is compensated for its services by Allspring Funds Management from the fees Allspring Funds Management receives for its services as Manager to the Fund. The Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Fund.

**Allspring Global Investments, LLC** ("Allspring Investments"), is a registered investment adviser located at 1415 Vantage Park Drive, 3rd Floor, Charlotte, NC 28203. Allspring Investments, an affiliate of Allspring Funds Management and a wholly owned subsidiary of Allspring Global Investments Holdings, LLC, is a multi-boutique asset management firm committed to delivering superior investment services to institutional clients, including investment companies.

<b>Bruce R. Johns</b> Ultra Short Municipal ETF	Mr. Johns joined Allspring Investments or one of its predecessor firms in 1998, where he currently serves as a Senior Portfolio Manager for the Municipal Fixed Income team.
<b>James Randazzo</b> Ultra Short Municipal ETF	Mr. Randazzo joined Allspring Investments or one of its predecessor firms in 2000, where he currently serves as a Senior Portfolio Manager for the Municipal Fixed Income team.
<b>Nicholos Venditti, CFA</b> Ultra Short Municipal ETF	Mr. Venditti joined Allspring Investments or one of its predecessor firms in 2020, where he currently serves as a Senior Portfolio Manager for the Municipal Fixed Income team. Prior to joining Allspring, Nick spent 10 years at Thornburg Investment Management, most recently as a Senior Portfolio Manager and Head of the Municipal Bond Group.

## Multi-Manager Arrangement

The Fund and Allspring Funds Management have obtained an exemptive order from the SEC that permits Allspring Funds Management, subject to Board approval, to select certain sub-advisers and enter into or amend sub-advisory agreements with them without obtaining shareholder approval. The SEC order extends to sub-advisers that are not otherwise affiliated with Allspring Funds Management or the Fund, as well as sub-advisers that are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Allspring Funds Management or of a company that wholly owns Allspring Funds Management. In addition, the SEC staff, pursuant to no-action relief, has extended multi-manager relief to any affiliated sub-adviser, such as affiliated sub-advisers that are not wholly-owned subsidiaries of Allspring Funds Management or of a company that wholly owns Allspring Funds Management, provided certain conditions are satisfied (all such sub-advisers covered by the order or relief, "Multi-Manager Sub-Advisers").

As such, Allspring Funds Management, with Board approval, may hire or replace Multi-Manager Sub-Advisers for each Fund that is eligible to rely on the order or relief. Allspring Funds Management, subject to Board oversight, has the responsibility to oversee Multi-Manager Sub-Advisers and to recommend their hiring, termination and replacement. If a new sub-adviser is hired for a Fund pursuant to the order or relief, the Fund is required to notify shareholders within 90 days. The Fund is not required to disclose the individual fees that Allspring Funds Management pays to a Multi-Manager Sub-Adviser.

## The Distributor

Allspring Funds Distributor, LLC (the "Distributor") is located at 1415 Vantage Park Drive, 3rd Floor, Charlotte, NC 28203, serves as the exclusive distributor of the Fund's Shares. The Distributor or its agent distributes Creation Units (as described in the "Creation Unit Transactions" section of the Prospectus) for the Fund on an agency basis. The Distributor does not maintain a secondary market in the Funds' Shares.

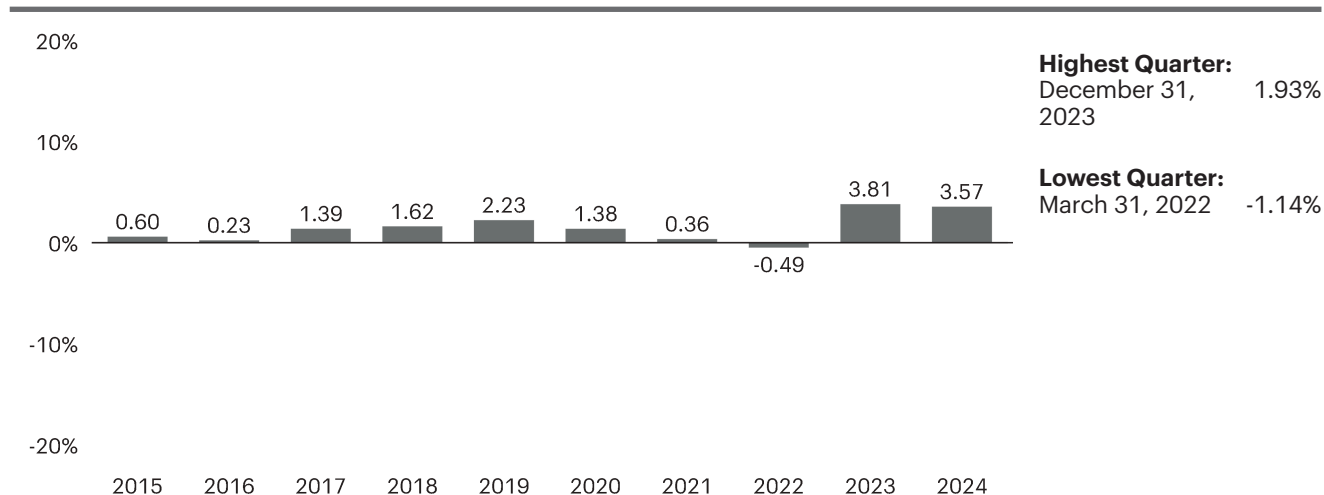


## Sub-Adviser's Prior Performance History

**Ultra Short Municipal ETF.** The performance information shown below represents a composite of the prior performance of all discretionary accounts managed by Allspring Investments with substantially similar investment objectives, policies and strategies as the Fund (the "Composite"). Certain discretionary accounts included in the Composite are not subject to the diversification requirements, specific tax restrictions, and investment limitations imposed on the Fund by the 1940 Act, and Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. As a result, the investment portfolio of the Fund, if it had been in operation during the periods shown, would likely have differed to some extent from the portfolio of the accounts included in the Composite. If the accounts in the Composite had been subject to these restrictions, the performance of the Composite might have been adversely affected.

The Composite's performance information presented below includes actual brokerage commissions and execution costs paid by the discretionary accounts and has been adjusted to reflect the expenses of the Fund. The Composite's performance does not represent historical performance of the Fund and should not be interpreted as indicative of the future performance for the Fund. The performance information for the Composite should not be relied upon as a substitute for the Fund's performance information or as an indication of the future performance of the Fund because, among other things, the cash flow in and out of the Fund and the accounts comprising the Composite, and the fees and expenses and the portfolio size and positions of the accounts comprising the Composite and the Fund will vary. The Composite performance information presented below was calculated in accordance with the methodology contained in the CFA Institute's Global Investment Performance Standards, which differs from the SEC's standard methodology for calculating performance. The personnel who managed the accounts that make up the Composite, and who, therefore, generated, or contributed to, the historical performance shown may differ from the personnel managing the Fund. Past performance of the Composite shown below is no guarantee of similar future performance for the Fund.

### Calendar Year Total Returns for the Composite as of 12/31 each year (adjusted to reflect Fund expenses)



The table below compares the performance of the Composite to that of the Fund's benchmarks, as of December 31, 2024.

### Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended 12/31/2024 (adjusted to reflect Fund expenses)

	Inception Date	1 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Composite	10/1/2000	3.57%	1.71%	1.46%
Ultra Short-Term Municipal Income Blended Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes) <sup>1</sup>		2.91%	1.62%	1.30%
Bloomberg 1 Year Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)		2.71%	1.39%	1.30%
Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)		1.05%	0.99%	2.25%

1. Source: Allspring Funds Management, LLC. The Ultra Short-Term Municipal Income Blended Index is composed 50% of the Bloomberg 1 Year Municipal Bond Index and 50% of the iMoneyNet Tax-Free National Institutional Money Market Funds Average. You cannot invest directly in an index.

## Creation Unit Transactions

Only certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) who have entered into agreements with the Distributor (“Authorized Participants”), may purchase and redeem shares directly from the Funds at NAV and only in large blocks of shares or multiples thereof (“Creation Units”). An Authorized Participant must be either a DTC participant or a member of the Continuous Net Settlement System of the National Securities Clearing Corporation (“NSCC”).

A creation transaction, which is subject to acceptance by the Distributor and a Fund, generally takes place when an Authorized Participant deposits into the Fund a designated portfolio of securities, assets or other positions (a “creation basket”) and an amount of cash (including any cash representing the value of any substituted securities, assets or other positions), if any, which together approximate the holdings of the Fund in exchange for a specified number of Creation Units. Similarly, shares can be redeemed only in Creation Units, generally for a designated portfolio of securities, assets or other positions (a “redemption basket”) held by the Fund and an amount of cash (including any portion of such securities for which cash may be substituted). The Fund may, in certain circumstances, offer Creation Units partially or solely for cash. Except when aggregated in Creation Units, shares are generally not redeemable by the Fund. Creation and redemption baskets may differ, and the Fund may accept “custom baskets.” More information regarding custom baskets is contained in the Funds’ SAI.

The prices at which creations and redemptions occur are based on the next calculation of NAV after a creation or redemption order is received in proper form under the authorized participant agreement and related AP procedures. To initiate a purchase or redemption order for a Creation Unit, an Authorized Participant must submit to the Distributor or its agent an irrevocable order, in proper form, generally before 4:00pm, Eastern time on any Business Day for the order to be processed at that day’s NAV.

Only an Authorized Participant may create or redeem Creation Units with a Fund. Authorized Participants may create or redeem Creation Units for their own accounts or for the accounts of customers, including, without limitation, affiliates of the Funds. Information about the procedures regarding creation and redemption of Creation Units is included in the Funds’ SAI.

In the event of a system failure or other interruption, including disruptions at market makers or Authorized Participants, orders to purchase or redeem Creation Units either may not be executed according to a Fund’s instructions or may not be executed at all, or the Fund may not be able to place or change orders.

To the extent a Fund engages in in-kind transactions, the Fund intends to comply with the U.S. federal securities laws in accepting securities for deposit and satisfying redemptions with redemption securities by, among other means, assuring that any securities accepted for deposit and any securities used to satisfy redemption requests will be sold in transactions that would be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 Act (the “1933 Act”). Further, an Authorized Participant that is not a “qualified institutional buyer,” as such term is defined in Rule 144A under the 1933 Act, will not be able to receive restricted securities eligible for resale under Rule 144A.

Because new shares may be created and issued on an ongoing basis, at any point during the life of a Fund a “distribution,” as such term is used in the 1933 Act, may be occurring. Broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some activities on their part may, depending on the circumstances, result in their being deemed participants in a distribution in a manner that could render them statutory underwriters subject to the prospectus delivery and liability provisions of the 1933 Act. Any determination of whether one is an underwriter must take into account all the relevant facts and circumstances of each particular case.

Broker-dealers should also note that dealers who are not “underwriters” but are participating in a distribution (as contrasted to ordinary secondary transactions), and thus dealing with shares that are part of an “unsold allotment” within the meaning of Section 4(a)(3)(C) of the 1933 Act, would be unable to take advantage of the prospectus delivery exemption provided by Section 4(a)(3) of the 1933 Act. For delivery of prospectuses to exchange members, the prospectus delivery mechanism of Rule 153 under the 1933 Act is available only with respect to transactions on a national securities exchange.



# Buying and Selling Fund Shares

Fund Shares are listed for secondary trading on NYSE Arca, Inc. (the “Exchange” or “NYSE Arca”) and individual Fund shares may only be purchased and sold in the secondary market through a broker-dealer on days in which the NYSE Arca is open for trading. If you buy or sell Fund shares in the secondary market, you will pay the secondary market price for Fund shares. In addition, you may incur customary brokerage commissions and charges and may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered price in the secondary market on each leg of a round trip (purchase and sale) transaction.

The DTC serves as securities depository for the Shares. (The Shares may be held only in book-entry form; stock certificates will not be issued.) DTC, or its nominee, is the record or registered owner of all outstanding Shares. Beneficial ownership of Shares will be shown on the records of DTC or its participants (described below). Beneficial owners of Shares are not entitled to have Shares registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificates in definitive form and are not considered the registered holder thereof. Accordingly, to exercise any rights of a holder of Shares, each beneficial owner must rely on the procedures of: (i) DTC; (ii) “DTC Participants,” i.e., securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of whom (and/or their representatives) own DTC; and (iii) “Indirect Participants,” i.e., brokers, dealers, banks and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC Participant, either directly or indirectly, through which such beneficial owner holds its interests. The Trust understands that under existing industry practice, in the event the Trust requests any action of holders of Shares, or a beneficial owner desires to take any action that DTC, as the record owner of all outstanding Shares, is entitled to take, DTC would authorize the DTC Participants to take such action and that the DTC Participants would authorize the Indirect Participants and beneficial owners acting through such DTC Participants to take such action and would otherwise act upon the instructions of beneficial owners owning through them. As described above, the Trust recognizes DTC or its nominee as the owner of all Shares for all purposes. For more information, see the section entitled “Book Entry Only System” in the Fund’s SAI.

The NYSE Arca is open for trading Monday through Friday and is closed on weekends and the following holidays: New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents’ Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. Because non-U.S. exchanges may be open on days when the Fund does not price its Shares, the value of the securities in the Fund’s portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund’s Shares.

In addition, certain affiliates of a Fund and the Manager may purchase and resell Fund shares pursuant to this Prospectus.

## Premium/Discount Information

The trading prices of Fund shares will fluctuate continuously throughout trading hours based on market supply and demand. Fund shares will trade on the NYSE Arca at prices that may be above (i.e., at a premium) or below (i.e., at a discount), to varying degrees, the daily NAV of Fund shares. The trading prices of Fund shares may deviate significantly from the Fund’s NAV during periods of market volatility. Given, however, that Fund shares can be issued and redeemed daily in Creation Units, the Manager believes that large discounts and premiums to NAV should not be sustained over long periods. Information showing the number of days the market price of Fund shares was greater than the Fund’s NAV and the number of days it was less than the Fund’s NAV (i.e., premium or discount) for the most recently completed calendar year and the most recently completed calendar quarter(s) since that year, when available, will be available by visiting the Funds’ website at [www.allspringglobal.com](http://www.allspringglobal.com).

# Compensation to Financial Professionals and Intermediaries

## Distribution Plan

Each Fund has adopted a distribution plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”) pursuant to which the Fund is authorized to pay fees at an annual rate of up to 0.25% of the Fund’s average daily net assets for the sale and distribution of the Fund’s shares. No distribution fees are currently charged to the Funds and there are no plans to impose distribution fees. In addition, the implementation of any such fees would require approval by the Board prior to implementation. Because these fees would be paid out of a Fund’s assets on an on-going basis, if such fees are charged in the future, they would increase the cost of your investment.

## Additional Payments to Financial Professionals and Intermediaries

The Fund’s manager or its affiliates make additional payments (“Additional Payments”) to certain broker-dealers, registered investment advisers, banks or other intermediaries (together, “intermediaries”) related to marketing activities and presentations, educational training programs, conferences, the development of technology platforms and reporting systems, data provision services, or their making shares of the Funds available to their customers generally and in certain investment programs. These Additional Payments, which may be significant, are paid by the Fund’s manager, the distributor or their affiliates, out of their revenues, which generally come directly or indirectly from Fund fees.

The Additional Payments may create potential conflicts of interest between an investor and a financial professional or intermediary who is recommending or making available a particular fund over other funds. Before investing, you should consult with your financial professional and review carefully any disclosure by the intermediary as to what compensation the intermediary receives from fund sponsors, as well as how your financial professional is compensated.

## Frequent Purchases and Redemptions of Fund Shares

The Funds’ Board of Trustees has determined not to adopt policies and procedures designed to impose restrictions on the frequency of purchases and redemptions of Fund shares. The Board of Trustees evaluated the risks of market timing activities by the Funds’ shareholders when they considered that no restriction or policy was necessary. The Board considered that, unlike mutual funds, each Fund issues and redeems its Shares at NAV only in Creation Units, and the Fund’s Shares may be purchased and sold on the Exchange at prevailing market prices. Frequent trading of shares on the secondary market does not disrupt portfolio management, increase the Fund’s trading costs, lead to realization of capital gains or otherwise harm Fund shareholders because these trades do not involve the issuance or redemption of Fund shares.

## Distributions

We will pass on to a Fund’s shareholders substantially all of the Fund’s net investment income (interest and dividends, less expenses) and realized net capital gains (realized whenever the Fund sells securities for higher prices than it paid for them), if any, at the frequency described below. Please note that to the extent a Fund sells securities to meet redemption requests from Fund shareholders, including redemption requests related to share class conversions or exchanges, such sales may result in increased capital gains distributions to other Fund shareholders who remain invested in the Fund.

Ultra Short Municipal ETF declares distributions of any net investment income monthly, pays such distributions monthly, and declares distributions of any net capital gains annually.

Please note that distributions have the effect of reducing the NAV per share of the applicable Fund by the amount distributed.

## Taxes

The following discussion regarding federal income taxes is based on laws that were in effect as of the date of this Prospectus and summarizes only some of the important federal income tax considerations affecting the Fund and you as a shareholder. It does not apply to foreign or tax-exempt shareholders or those holding Fund shares through a tax-advantaged account, such as a 401(k) Plan or IRA. This discussion is not intended as a substitute for careful tax planning. You should consult your tax adviser about your specific tax situation. Please see the Statement of Additional Information for additional federal income tax information.

The Fund intends to elect to be treated, and intends to qualify each year, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. A RIC is not subject to tax at the corporate level on income and gains from investments that are distributed in a timely manner to shareholders. However, the Fund's failure to qualify as a RIC would result in corporate level taxation, and consequently, a reduction in income available for distribution to you as a shareholder.

We will pass on to a Fund's shareholders substantially all of the Fund's net investment income and realized net capital gains, if any. It is intended that distributions from the Fund's net interest income from municipal obligations generally will not be subject to federal income tax, although a portion of such distributions could be subject to federal AMT for individual shareholders. Distributions from a Fund's ordinary income and net short-term capital gains, if any, generally will be taxable to you as ordinary income. Distributions from a Fund's net long-term capital gains, if reported as capital gain dividends by the Fund, if any, generally will be taxable to you as long-term capital gains. If you are an individual and meet certain holding period requirements with respect to your Fund shares, you may be eligible for reduced tax rates on qualified dividend income, if any, distributed by the Fund.

Corporate shareholders may be able to deduct a portion of their distributions when determining their taxable income.

Given the investment strategies of the Fund, it is not anticipated that a significant portion of the Fund's distributions will be eligible for treatment as qualified dividend income (with respect to individual shareholders) or for the corporate dividends received deduction.

Individual taxpayers are subject to a maximum tax rate of 37% on ordinary income and a maximum tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends of 20%. For U.S. individuals with income exceeding certain threshold amounts, a 3.8% Medicare contribution tax will apply on "net investment income," including interest, dividends, and capital gains. Corporations are subject to tax on all income and gains at a tax rate of 21%. However, a RIC is not subject to tax at the corporate level on income and gains from investments that are distributed in a timely manner to shareholders.

Distributions from a Fund normally will be taxable to you when paid, whether you take distributions in cash or automatically reinvest them in additional Fund shares. Following the end of each year, we will notify you of the federal income tax status of your distributions for the year.

If you buy shares of a Fund at a time when the Fund's net asset value reflects either unrealized gains, or realized but undistributed income or gains, a subsequent distribution to you may, in effect, be a taxable return of part of your investment. Similarly, if you buy shares of a Fund when it holds appreciated securities, you will receive a taxable return of part of your investment if and when the Fund sells the appreciated securities and distributes the gain. The Fund has built up, or has the potential to build up, high levels of unrealized appreciation.

Your redemptions (including redemptions in-kind) and exchanges of Fund shares ordinarily will result in a taxable capital gain or loss, depending on the amount you receive for your shares (or are deemed to receive in the case of exchanges) and the amount you paid (or are deemed to have paid) for them. Such capital gain or loss generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held your redeemed or exchanged Fund shares for more than one year at the time of redemption or exchange. In certain circumstances, losses realized on the redemption or exchange of Fund shares may be disallowed.

A person who exchanges securities for Creation Units generally will recognize a gain or loss. The gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the market value of the Creation Units at the time of exchange and the sum of the exchanger's aggregate basis in the securities surrendered and the amount of any cash paid for such Creation Units. A person who exchanges Creation Units for securities will generally recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between the exchanger's basis in the Creation Units and the sum of the aggregate market value of the securities

received. The Internal Revenue Service, however, may assert that a loss realized upon an exchange of primarily securities for Creation Units cannot be deducted currently under the rules governing “wash sales,” or on the basis that there has been no significant change in economic position. Persons exchanging securities for Creation Units or redeeming Creation Units should consult their own tax adviser with respect to whether wash sale rules apply and when a loss might be deductible and the tax treatment of any creation or redemption transaction. Under current U.S. federal income tax laws, any capital gain or loss realized upon a redemption (or creation) of Creation Units is generally treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Shares (or securities surrendered) have been held for more than one year and as a short-term capital gain or loss if the Shares (or securities surrendered) have been held for one year or less. Authorized Participants who are dealers in securities are subject to different tax treatment on the exchange for and redemption of Creation Units.

When you receive a distribution from a Fund or redeem shares, you may be subject to backup withholding.

## Financial Highlights

Since the Fund commenced operations on or around the date of this Prospectus, financial highlights are not available for the Fund.

The Ultra Short Municipal ETF has a fiscal year end of June 30th.

[illegible]

Notes

[illegible]

## FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information on a Fund is available free upon request, including the following documents:

### **Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”)**

Supplements the disclosures made by this Prospectus. The SAI, which has been filed with the SEC, is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus and therefore is legally part of this Prospectus.

### **Annual/Semi-Annual Reports and Long Form Financial Statements**

Additional information about a Fund’s investments is available in the Fund’s annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders and in the annual and semi-annual long form financial statements filed on Form N-CSR. In the Fund’s annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund’s performance during its last fiscal year. To obtain copies of the above documents or for more information about Allspring Funds, contact us:

By telephone:  
1-866-701-2575

By mail:  
Allspring Funds Distributor, LLC  
1415 Vantage Park Drive, 3rd Floor  
Charlotte, NC 28203

Online:  
[www.allspringglobal.com](http://www.allspringglobal.com)

From the SEC:  
Visit the EDGAR Database on the SEC’s website at [sec.gov](http://sec.gov).

To obtain information for a fee, email:  
[publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov)

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